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November 15.1

American Geophysical Union Announces

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News

# New Hot Vents in NE Pacific

Over the past few years many workers have been attracted to the Juan de Fuca ridge 500 km off the Pacific northwest coast to study its tectorics. Investigations by both American earth scientists in the southern part of the system and Canadians where the northern extension enters territorial waters provided much of the background for the first submerible venture on this actively spreading ridge. In August 1983 a joint expedition of Canadian and American geologists and biologists set out to examine the ridge in the area of a seamount that sits astride the spreading ris. Scientific participants came from the universities of British Columbia, Victoria, Washington, Toronto, California at Santa Batara, and the Institute of Ocean Sciences,

The three-peraon submersible Pisces IV is owned by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (Canada) and is operated by the Institute of Ocean Sciences, Sidney, B.C. This must represented her first venture below 800 m; she performed eight dives and averaged 9 hours a dive.

The seamount caldera, about 12 km<sup>2</sup>, is

The seamount caldera, about 12 km², is floored with young, glassy lavas that are pitted with collapse features. The caldera walls, on the other hand, are older and cut by a suite of futures. Hydrothermal activity was discovered in the continuation of one fiasure on the caldera floor at 1580 m and close to the targeted junction of the northern caldera wall and the spreading axis. The fissure, 300 m long and barely wide enough to allow the submersible entry, rontained a series of warm-water vents with water to 35°C. The bitable her was prolific but no sulphide deposits were evident. Outside the fissure, however, two loolated chimneys were found, from one of which warm water still issued. The structures were about 9 m high and 4 m wide at the base. A 150-kg sample revealed a porous mass of sulphatea, iron and zinc sulphides.

# **Editorial**

# On Being President of AGU

Editor's Note: The following statement was mode by President James A. Van Allen to the AGU Council at its meeting on May 31, 1983. The next meeting of the Council will be on Detember 6, 1983, in San Francisco.

I am now finishing the first year of my 2-year term as President of the Union, bring served 2 years previously as an apprentice under Tuzo Wilson's wise leadership. Among the many things that I karned from Tuzo was to refer all thorny matters to appropriate committees.

l wish to report that presiding over the professional activities of some 16,000 collegues is simultaneously bewildering and insking.

The hewilderment arises from the difficulty of maintaining even a zero-order comprehension of what is going on in the great diversity of fields within our Union, though I believe that I can discern a commonality of motivation and an increasing level of overlap and mutual interdependence,

The inspiration comes from scanning our journals, abstracts of meetings, and other publications and realizing the immense research productivity of our members. It also comes from a reasonably first hand knowledge of the devoted and highly competent service to the geophysics profession by our great network of edilors, headquarters staff, and Union and Scalon officers; and by the many committee that provide substantive guidance to the Union's activities. I have found it to bus uncommon for any member to decline service on a committee.

During the past year we established two new, ad hoc committees in response to a significant level of membership interest. The first of these, the Committee on the History of Geophysics, under David Stern's chairmanship, is already quite active and productive. The second, the Committee on Mineral Physics, under Orson Anderson's chairmanship, is just getting underway.

We have also created one new-all Union award during the past year, the Waldo E. Smith Award, for outstanding service to sophysics.

geophysics.

I look forward to my second year of serving you as President of AGU.

and remains of beardworms (pogonopho-

Animal growth ou the glassy surfaces in the caldera was sparse. Approach to the vents was indicated by increasing numbers of crabs and occasional bacterial mats. The fissure itaelf was carpeted by mats in which polychaetes and gastropods rould be seen. In areas of active venting, the exit of water was obscured by extensive growths of beardworms that formed large structures in which many other vent-specific species were found (see cover). In addition to numerous rock samples, the sub also rollected thousands of animal specimens and drew samples of the vent

Plans for future work on this spreading system are being made for next year. The Alvin will spend much of the summer on the ridge while Pisces will return to the axial seamount; a proposal is also being reviewed to bring the French submersible Cyana to the area at the same time. The juan de Fuca may need some traffic beacons, both on the surface and on the floor, for some time to come.

This news item was contributed by Verena Tunnicliffe, who is with the University of Victoria, Victoria, B.C., Conada V8W 2Y2.

# Kinetic Factors in Geothermometry

The application of geothermometer/geobarometer mineral assemblages as markers of temperature and pressure in geologic formations has become highly sophisticated by the inclusion of kinetic factors in analytic procedures. That a chemically complex mineral assemblage has equilibrated during its geologic history under intense conditions is a major premise in geothermometry. That the equilibrium conditions have been quenched into the phases so that composition and crystal structure may be used to reveal the temperature-pressure-fugacity that characterized a point—the most intense point—in an assemblage's geological history is another premise. Rarely does either premise prove entirely true, but kinetic factors, if unilerstood, could assist in their interpretation.

Recendy A. C. Lasaga developed an analysis he dubbed "geospeedometry" as an extension of conventional geothermometric analysis (Kinetics and Equilibrium in Mineral Reactions, S. K. Saxena (Ed.), Springer-Verlag, New York, pp. 81–114, 1983). Lasaga treated analyses of several ion-exclange mineral pair geothermometers to include diffusion coefficienta, time factors, and thermal evolution. The result was a set of working equations to calculate the kinetic response of ion exchange geothermometers to their thermal history.

The approach of geospeedometry is valuable in evaluating die rate-determining steps of mineral reactions. The ultimate value of a geothermometer is not necessarily evident in a lack of chemical zoning, as had been thought in many instances. It is largely the mineral phase with die slowest diffusion process in the temperature range of interest that identifies a useful mineral assemblage. Lasaga found, for instance, that the usefulness of olivine crystals as geothermometers is narrowly limited to reladively fast cooling rates (greater than 10°C per year). By contrast, the suitability of garnet geothermometers in Lasaga's words is "quantitatively proven." One must be cautious, however, in interpreting uppermantle temperature pressure conditions from studies of garnet pyroxene pairs; in some examples, lack of equilibrium is a source of er-

### Chesapeake Bay Under Stress

According to extensive data obtained over its 13,000 km of shoreline, the Chesapeake Bay has been suffering a major, Indeed unprecedented, reduction in submerged vegetation. Chesapeake Bay Is alone in expenencing decline In submerged vegetation. Other estuary systems on the east coast of the United States are not so affected. These alarming results were obtained by the synthesis of the findings of numerous individual groups in addition to large consortium projects on the Chesapeake done over the past decade. R. J. Orth and R. A. Moore of the Virginia Institute of Marine Science pointed to the problem of the severe decline of submerged grasses on the Bay and along its tributanes: In a recent report, Orth and Moore note: "The decline, which began in the 1960's and accelerated in the 1970's, has affected all species. In all areas. Many major river systems are now totally devoid of any rooted vegetation." (Scientes, 222, 51–53, 1983).

The precipitous decline in the many different varieties of submerged aquatic vegetation has serious implications for the Chesapeake Bay, Important bracking submater marine life and water fow use the so called salt grasses.

and csnnot exist without them. Moreover, the grasses play an important function in stabilizing the sedimentary formations that underlie the Bay. Without this stabilization, the fragile shorelines are subject to rapid destruction. The 290-km long Chesapeake Bay is the world's largest estusy. It could become characterized by highly sedimented shallows within decades instead of following a gradual change thought to require geologic processes over a period of several thousand years.

Analysis of seeds and pollen stored in Bay sediments in some areas has revealed a continuity in the existence of Bay grasses for more than 200 years. Suddenly, in 1972, they disappeared from the stratigraphic record. In the ensuing 10 years there has been no sign of new vegetation. This decline extends to all species, and is thus not localized.

The causes for the decline of Bay grasses are not so simple to decluce. In the simplest analogy it would appear that the loss of grasses has resulted from decreasing light penetration of Bay water because of the increased growth of phytoplankton and because of line sediment dispersal. Nutrient enrichment is a probable cause, The roncentrations of phosphorous, nitrogen, and chlorophyll have been increasing for several decades in direct or indirect tesponse to the increased transport of fertilizers into the Bay. Likewise, peaticides could affect the plant life.

In upper Chesapeake Bay regions, the ilectine of the critical submerged grasses began in the 1960's. However, the 1972 date, which applies to the lawer Bay, coincides with the date of Tropical Storm Agnes. Large volumes of fresh water and sediment fluwed into the Bay after Agnes. Salinities were reduced in all parts of the Bay for several weeks, affecting much of the brackish water marine life. Major changes in the existing submerged grasses of the Bay occurred. The electine has not stooped. It would be important to study the silting and sediment record in detail. Likewise, it will be important to preserve all areas of existing submerged grasses.—PMB

## **Counting Clouds**

A 5-year, international scientific program is under way to study and describe in detail the earth's cloud cover. In the hope that it will contribute to our understanding of how clouds affect, and are affected by, weather and climate, the United States, Canada, Japan, India, and several nations of the European community are participating in the International Satellite Cloud Climatology Project. The project will use data from an array of earth-orbiting satellites to inventory the whirling clouds below.

The ultimate aim of the study is to improve worldwide weather forecasting. Clouds can have either a cooling or warming effect—cooling when they reflect incoming solar radiation back into space, and warming when they trap heat reflected from the earth's surface. The net effect is still a matter for study, however, as are the questions of whether a global climatic warming would increase or decrease cloud cover, or whether clouds stabilize or destabilize the climate.

The project will use data and images from five geostationary meteorological satellites: the European Space Agency's Meteosat, India's Insat, Japan's GMS (Geostationary Meteorological Satellite), and two U.S. Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites, GOES-East and GOES-West. Also contributing data will be the U.S. TIROS-N polar-orbiting satellite, All six satellites are expected to be operational by the end of 1983.

The lead U.S. agencies for the project are the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and Robert Schiffer of NASA is the international project manager. The National Science Foundation and the departments of Energy and Defense are also participating in the project, which is being conducted under the aegis of the World Climate Research Program, sponsored jointly by the World Meteorological Organization and the International Council of Scientific Unions.

## Offshore Oil Prospects Improve

The issues, prospects, and covironmental concerns about drilling for offshore oil and gas are being seen in a different light than at any other time during the past decade. Exploration drilling on offshore locations is proceeding at a high rate, and environmental concerns, while recognized as real, appear to be a lot less wornsome than might have been predicted a decade ago. Part of the reason for the changes in levels of concern results from the close monitoring programa that have been in effect for the past few years. Paul R. Ryan of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution research described explorations.

1984 AGU SPRING MEETING May 14-18 Cincinnati, Ohio ABSTRACT DEADLINE: February 22, 1984

For more information or to be placed on a special mailing list, write to 1984 Spring Meeting, AGU, 2000 Florida Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC

Call for Papers published in **Eos**, November 15, 1983.

ration activities on Georges Bank: "We slow have the results of the first year of monitoring, and, althrugh eight wells are considered a minimal observational test, there were no bidogical changes in the benthic community that could be attributed to drilling activity." (Oceanus, 26, 2, 1983). The U.S. Geulogical Survey studied the Georges Bank drilling activities as well. Barium from drilling muds was detected at the sites, but in decreasing roncentrations at distances away from drilling rigs. There was no evidence that the ilischarges caused biological changes. According to Ryan: "Postdrilling concentrates of barium were found to be within the range of predilling concentrations measured at other locations on the Bank. Concentrations of other meals measured were low and characteristic of unpolluted, coarse-grained sediment in other Continental Shelf areas."

A factor in present-day offshore oil and gas exploratory drilling is the experience gained from the Deep Sea Drilling Project. The drilling ship Glomar Challenger has penetrated the ocean floor of the Mariana Trench at water depths of approximately 7 km, serting an exsmple whose model has been influential on exploration. Oil rigs must use riser systems to svoid the release of drilling musts and cuttings, and they generally must penetrate to greater depths in sediment than the Glomar Challenger. Nonetheless, offshore oil rigs are drilling in water depths of approximately 3 km, and then rontinuing into sediment for a kilometer or more. Because only a few percent of drillable offshore areas have been explored, the pace of this type of drilling will not lessen in the next decades. Undiscovered petroleum resources on continents and rheir shelves and ocean slopes are estimated at more than 3 × 10<sup>12</sup> barrels (573 × 10<sup>12</sup> liters) worldwide.

In reference to the Law of the Sea, Hollis
D. Hedberg recently stated:
"The Law of the Sea Treaty, as presently

proposed, fails to provide a sound and definite basis for drawing the limit between coastal-state and international jurisdiction over mineral resources along the outer edge of the continental margin where it extends more than 200 nautical miles from shore. In effect, this uncertainty means that exploration will be deterred over large areas of the continental margin. There are two formulas for determining boundaries allowed by the Law: the first is based on the impracticable measure of the thickness of sediments as a function of distance from the foot of the alope; the second involves the difficulty of drawing directly a precise base-of-slope boundary, with no provision for a gulding, internationally apcoastal state could establish its own precise

"No oil company is going to risk the huge amount of money required for a well in these very deep waters without clear demarcadon of a national boundary. Hence, the region affected by the dublous boundary—which may be many thousands of square miles in area and commercially significant—becomes valuable to no one." (Oceans, 26, 2, 1983).

Even under the coostraints intposed by the

Law of the Sea and by tratural barriers of deep ocean sites, drilling is proceeding and the prospects of finding major fields are good. The potential problems of assessing the discharges from the drilling process continue to be addressed. R. P. Trorine and J. H. Trefry of the Florida Institute of Technology recently described new techniques to trace the distribution of such discharges in a study conducted on the outer continental shelf of the northwest Gulf of Mexico (Environmental Science and Technology, 17, 507–512, 1988). As new drilling techniques with highly developed risers and discharge control methoda are developed, new tests can assess their effectiveness in offshore operations—PMB

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For further information, coll toll free 800-424-2488 oc, in the Washington, D. C., area, 452-6903.

### POSITIONS AVAILABLE

Senlor Research Geophysiciat/Condnental Shelf Inatitute (IKU), Teondheim, Nocway. A position is available to head and develop our section for applied cesearch within seimic data acquisition, processing and interpretation. The section should consist of 6–7 professionals, of which 3 geophysicists are already employed. In couperation with Geco and Norske Shell, IKU operates a fully equipped processing center (NURSEIS system) located at IKU's premises. The position will involve responsibility for generation, presentation and necomplishment of R & 1) projects within the above mentioned fields.

This will include a Ismad communication with the oil companies engaged in the Norwegian continen-

oil companies engaged in the Norwegian continen-tal shelf as well as other R & D institutions. The candidate should have an advanced degree in geophysics for related disciplines) and at least 5 years experience with seismic research and/or explo-

we can offer compethive wages (insfree the first two years). Governmental Pensionscheme, collective insurance.
Foe application and further information, please write to Hans Olay Torsen, IKU, Box 1888, 7001

Trondheim, NORWAY, as soon as possible.

Louisinna State University/Chns. T. McCord, Jc. Endowed Professorship in Hydrocarbon Exploration: The Geology Department is seeking an internationally rerugnized leader in some research specialty critical in the search for rol and gas to fill the Chan T. McCord. Jr. Endowed Professorship. Applicants are expected to maintain wholarly research in their area of specialty. Rank at Full Professor level with shary competitive with endowed professor level with shary competitive with endowed professorships at other major research universities. For consideration send resume, three letters of referresearch universities. For consideration send resume, three leners of reference, and a description of finare research programs to Lyle Metámis, Farnity Search, Department of Googy, Louistina State University, Baton Ronge, LA 708025-1101. Search will remain open until position to the

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The College of William and Mary/Physics Faculty Position. William and Mary espects to have a tenore-trark opening at the assistant-professor level for Angust, 1984. Preference will be given to applicant in the fields of theoretical plasma physics fineloding computer simulation, nonlinear mechanics, or maistical mechanics. The physics department currently consists of 22 faculty, 7 postdoctoral research associates, and 40 Ph.D. amblette graduate students. Plasma physics funding it currently from NASA and the Department of Energy. Please send vinae and list of three references to: Chairman, Search Committee, Physics Department, College of William and Mary Williamshorg, Virginia 23185.

William and Mary is an affirmative action, equalopportunity employer; women and minority applicants are encouraged to apply.

University of Texas at Austin/Getty Chalc. The Department of Geological Sciences seeks a person at the rank of full professor to occupy the recently endowed Getty Chair effective September 1, 1984. Teaching obligations include one undergraduate or graduate course each semester and the supervision of graduate course each semester and the supervision of graduate sunfents in the areas of the person's interest. A willingness to teach courses for non-majors on occasion is desirable. The person's field of research nurst be one that it related in a broad sense to the exploration for hydrocarbons. The Getty endowment will provide the chair holder with modest funds for sopport of travel and research activities. Applicants should submit a detailed resume, numes and addresses of five references, and a statement of teaching and research interests by February 1, 1984 to: Dr. Earle F. McBride, Chairttian, Department of Geological Sciences, P.O. Box 7909, Austin, Texas 78712–7909.

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Oblo State University/8tructural Geologist. The Department of Geology and Mineralogy. The Obio State University, invites applications for a territrack position for a structural geologist with a strong background in quantitative analysis of field data and research interests in regional tectonics or tectonophysics. The successful applicant will be expected to participate in the undergraduate program and give graduate coorses in his/her field of expertise, conduct research, sopervire graduate students, and interact with other departmental programs in regional geology and geophysics. Preference will be given to candidates with post-doctoral or industrial experience. Rank and safaty commensurate with experience and research record. Please send applications or nominations as soon as possible to:

Dr. Ralph R.R. von Frese

Dr. Ralph R.B. von Frese Chairman, Search Committee Department of Geology and Mineralogy The Ohio State University Columbus, OH 43210 Phone: (dl 4) 422-5635 or 422-2721

Applications should include a resource a statement of research interests and the names of at least three persons whom we may contact for recommendations. The closing date for applications is December 23, 1983; appointments will be effective no later than October 1, 1984. Additional information can be obtained by writing or calling the search committee chalceman.

The Ohio State University is an equal opportuni-

**OCEANOGRAPHER** 

The U.S. Coast Guard Research and Development Center, Groton, CT, has an im-

mediate opening for an Ocaanographer (GS-1360-11). The incumbent serves aa

task manager providing theoretical and computational assistance for the devel-

opment of specified surface drift compu-

ter models. Translatea concepts for the

physical interaction of surface movement

into operating time-dependent predictive

Candidatea ahould be degreed and poa-

sess at least 3 years of professional experience in Physical Oceanography. Additional attributes would include competence

in computer science, experience in writing technical reports, experience in program-

ming minicomputera in FORTRAN and

BASIC, knowledge of atatistical practices

and analyals techniques as well as excel-

lent oral communication skills. Field work

involving stays of a month or more at any

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Applicants must submit OPM form 1282

(Application for Federal Employment). Ap-

ply to Office of Personnel Management, Boston Area Office, 3 Center Plaza, Boa-

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ceived by December 16, 1983. Applica-

tion forma and information may be obtained

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U.S. Naval Academy/Visiting
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Chaic/Northern Illinois University/Clinic. Appli-cations are invited for the position of Chair of the Department of Geology. We seek cambidates who

Department of Geology. We seek cantilidates who have an enablished commitment to research and who are interested in the challenge of leading a young and growing department which has just recendy enablished a Ph.D. program. The department is committed to the further development of a strong Ph.D. program and it hooking for randiflates who would share that commitment. We seek the strongest possible samilalates without regard to specialty; however, caudidates toon the areas of hydrogeology, hydrogeochemistry or grounds is any tan-

geology, hydrogeochemistry or geophysics are jur-ucularly encouraged to apply. Rank and salary for the position are negotiable.

Send resume and statement of interest to Dr. M.P. Welss, Chair, Search Committee, Department of Ge-ology, Northern Illimis University, DeKalla, H.

Northern Illinois University is an allumative ar-

Geophysicist, Tectonophynicist/Georgia Tech.
The School of Ceophysical Sciences at Georgia
Tech invites applications for a faculty appointment
in Earth Sciences. Applicants must have an outstonding research potential demonstrated by several
years of postdoctoral experience or a well-established research record, and experience in securing
research funding. Although no field of specialization is excluded, preference will be given to camildates with a background in geophysics/
tecunophysics.

The School of Geophysical Sciences has an ex-

Oceanographic Microbiologist/Ocegun State University. The Gollege of Oceanography at Oregon State University has an axistant professorship position open for an oceanographic microbiologist. The appointee will be expected to develop a program of grant-funded research in the area of marine microbiology. Opportunities will be available for transfer

panding and active research program in many areas of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences. The School has 23 full-time faculty members and over 50 graduate

University of Toronto/Faculty Position in Motamorphic Petrology. Department of Geology lias a 3-year academic appointment untillible effective I july 1984. The successful applicant will teach undergraduate and graduate courses in metamorphic and igneous petrology and inalitation a vigorous research program. Rescorch fields are open but preference may be given to cantiidates with expertise in metamorphic petrology. The department has well equipped laboratories including high-quality experimental and analytical facilities. The successful applicant will have a sufficient knowledge of NAA, XRF, or electron probe to help supervise one or more of them. Ph.D. is required (or obout to be granted). Post-doctoral research experience would be on asset. Appointment will be at Lecturer or Assistant Professor level. Salary commensurate with qualifications and experience at these starting levels: Lecturer \$21,200, Assistant Professor \$25,400.

Enquiries including a resume and names and addresses of 3 referees should be addressed to Prof. C. Norris, Chalrman, Department of Geology, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario MSS 1A1. Closing date for applications is \$1 January 1984. In accordance with Canadian Inversity.

Closing date for applications is 31 January 1984. In accordance with Canadian Immigration we are required to direct this advertisement inidally to Canadian clizens and permanent residents after which other applicants may be considered.

Trinity University/Igneous or Metarsorphie Petrologiet. The Department of Geology at Trinity University is seeking candidates to fill a tentire track position with a specialty in igneous or metamorphic petrology beginning August, 1984. The appointment will be at the Assistant Professor level and the candidate must possests the Pi.D. degree. Priority will be given to those individuals with expertise in optical mineralogy and petrography. This position requires a person with a commitment to excellence in leading as well as a desire to engage in an ongoing research program. Teaching will be at the undergraduate level and will include courses in physical geology, petrology, and optical mineralogy. Trinity University is an Independent privately supported institution committed to excellence in the cluding engineering. Present enrollment is \$,000. of which 2,450 are undergraduates. The Department of Geology has five faculty members and fifty maiors, Trinity is located in \$an Antonio, Texas, a melicinosity at the partment of the references, and should account of the Robert L. Freed. Search Committee Chall in Daries, San Antonio, Texas, a melicinament of the references, and should another the references and should another the references and should another the references.

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Oregon State University/Fisheries Oceanography. Applications are invited loca a 12-month tensettank position as Assistant Professor in the Colog oil Chramography with a joint appointment in the Department of Fishecies and Widdife. Applicantment have deem outstared ability to conduct independent research and obtain research funding into access of emboys of marine traces or action. Waters with interests in ecology, fisheries oceanogable on population hiology of nekton will be considered Apply and mansa have Ph.D. Postdoctoral experience deviable.

The approximes will be expected to teach course. 23 full-time faculty members null over 50 graduate stodents.

Applications including resumes, phone numbers, ond the names and addresses of at least three references should be submitted to Jean-Claude Mareschal, Chnirmon, Geophysics Search Committee, School of Geophysical Sciences, Ceorgia Institute of Technology, Atlonta, CA 30332.

The Ceorgia Institute of Technology is a unit of the oniversity system of the State of Georgia.

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the shable.

The appointee will be expected to teach course in Isshertees in casning aphy or in the ecology of matime tecknon, to supervise graduate students, and to divertop a program of grant-funded research 5th 1y: \$27,000-35,000, negoniable. Application natural, including a brief statement of research plant at the names of three references, should be abouted not later than 41 January 1984 or G. Ross Healthean, College of Occanography, Oregon State University, Coryallis, Oregon 97331.

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grant-funded research in the area of marine micro-biology. Opportunities will be available by tearling of classes and seminars in marine microhiology and biological occanography and fire supervision of graduate students. Cambidates should hold a Ph.D. in biological occanography, microbiology, or related discipline, and have mostificated research experi-ence specifically with marine microbioles. Salary: \$27,000-\$55,000, negoniable. Submit resume and names of three references believe 15 January 1981 to: Dr. G. Ross Heath, Dean, Callege of Oreanogra-phy, Oregon State University, Convallis, Oregon \$7381. Physical Oceanographer/Oregon State University Assistant or Associate Professor, depending on experience. Applicants may be observationalism theoreticians but must have a Ph.D. in the physical sciences, have demonstrated the philip to conduct independent high-quality research and are espected to obtain research familiar. Duties include teaching and supervision of graduate armient hiterated randidates should submit a resume and names of three relegances by February 1984 to C. Ros Heath, Dean, College of Oceanograph, Orgon State University, Carvallis, OR 97331. OSU is an Allimance Action/Equal Opposition employer, consolving with Section 504 of the Rea-bilitation Act of 1973.

Meteorologis//The City College of The City University of New York. The Reportment of Earls and Planetary Sciences brites applications for an anticipated opening in meteorology. The appointment will start September, 1984. Applicants should have compilered the Ph.D. by the time of appointment and have a strong background in spropic networology and computer applications, in addition, the individual should have at interest in amosphetic in themistry or publistion as applied to urban area or playsh at its campagnaphy. The person bird will be required to teach courses in meteorology, and positive physical occaning raphy as well as develog and maintain an another research program, Participation in the CCUNY. Pledy, Program in Farth and Environmental Sciences is anticipated. Rank and rabor will be communicate with experience. Send research, transcripts and three letters of reference by November 20, 1988 to Professive Domis Weit, Charman, Pepa timent of Earth and Planetary Sciences, the City Lullerge, 198 Succe and Convent Avenue. New York, N.Y. 10031.

The City University of New York is an equal opportunity affirmative action raphotyer.

Virginis Polytechnic Institute and State University/Petrologisi. The Department of Geological Sciences at Virginia Tech lawites applications for a return-track juntion level faculty appointment in Ignous or Metaumstrate a strong research record in quantitate petrology; preference will be given to those with experience in the theoretical and experimental aspects of petrology. All taculty members at Virginia Tech are expected to provide quality seaching after the provided p

Applicants should send a letter of application, ac ademic vitae unit names and addresses of three references to:

P. A. Hewltt
Department of Ceological Sciences
Virginia Tech
Diacksburg, VA 24061
The appointment will begin in September 1981
and candidates are expected to layer completed reand candidates are expected to layer completed requirements for the Ph.D. by that time. The dealine for receipt of applications is December 15, 1985.
Virginia Tech is an equal opportunity/affirmatic

Postdocioral Research Posttion/University of California, Berkelay. A postdoctoral research position fornia, Berkelay. A postdoctoral research position in petrophysics is available immediately in the Department of Mechanical Engineering. The Department has recently Installed in the Petroleum Logineering Laboratory a nuclear magnetic resonance facility, having a large magnet gap. The succession in NMR techniques, and will be expected to employ in this and other 'petrophysics research techniques in this and other 'petrophysics research techniques in an interdisciplinary apporach to a program directly and the physical properties of permanent and of its sources of other University Department and of the research program.

Send resume and the namet of three references to Professor W. H. Someton, Department and the Professor W. H. Someton, Department and the Canalcal Engineering, University of California. The University It an Equal Opportunity Africal Services Action Employer.

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ive Action Employer.

Oblo State University/Pafeoblologist. The Hepathent of Geology and Miner alogy. The Ohio Sae University, invites applications for a terminested position for a paleobloidigist with a strong material position for a paleobloidigist with a strong material properties and the sajer group of invertebrate macrobossis; and the sajer group of invertebrate macrobossis; and the sajer group of develop or expand a research propertient hospital morphology, or paleocendary than will augment estaing programs in filestratigraphy, unicropaleorology and sedimentary periology. The or equivalent is required by the time of applications. The successful applicant will be expected used graduate contrest appropriate to their expertise, continue research and species graduate students. Rank and safary consequences with experience and research remail. Pease and applications or monthastions as soon as possible to: Dr. Walter C. Sweet Chairman, Search Commutee Department of Geology and Mineralogy The Ohio Stare University Columbus, Off 14210

Phone: (614)422-2326 or 422-87-16 should include a resume, a statement of a search record and interests and the names of at least three persons whom we may contact that recommendations. The closing place for applications is freeenther 25, 1983; appointments will be effective no latee than October 1, 1984. Additional information can be obtained by writing we calling also consoler them. to obtained by writing or calling the search commit-

The Obio State University is an equal opportuni-

Geotechnical Scientista/U.9. Nuclear Regulatory Counsission (NRC). Division of Waste Management, NRC, Silver Spring, Maryland invites applications for staff positions in Geology, Geophysics, Geohemistry, Hydrology, Seismology, Rock Mechanic, and Materials Engineering/Seience. Successful applicants will serve as technical specialists in the assument of safety and environmental aspects of the characterization and design of underground geologic repositiones for high level waste, low level wate is dilities, and uranium recovery operations. Applicant must have knowledge of the principles, theorie, and practices in one of the above fields, and good writing and speaking skills. Prefer, os o minimum, Master's Degree in Engineering or Geoscience. U.S. citizenskip is required. Salary is commensurate with qualifications. Contact NRC representative at employment area. A CU Fall Meeting, San francisco, or send resume and Standard Form 171 (Personnel, Qualifications Statement) to: U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Division of Personnel, REF Branch; WM, Washington, DC, 20555.

National Center for Atmospheric Research/Ph.D. Researcher. NGAR's Atmospheric Chemistry and Accommy Division seeks experienced Ph.D. researcher with record of sustanted productivity in these and madeline discussions. sources with record of sink aftern productive with the from and modeling of attroopheric chemostry. Promary interent is in gaseous plantochemistry and coupled demirablanctes ological models, but all specialtics will be considered along with scientific breadth. Appointment is at Scientify III of Senior Scientific level Apply with resume to Dr. R. Gierone, National Canter for Atmospheric, Research, P.O. Box 300 Bodder Calendary 1997.

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The Weekly Newspaper of Geophysics

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becription price to members is included in an auddues 1820.00 per year). Information on in-muldinal subscriptions is available on request. Scond-class postage paid as Washington, D. C., and at additional mailing offices. Eas, Transac-loss, American Geophysical Union (ISSN 0090-3941) is multiplied. 59(1) is published weekly by

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ver. Prolific beardworm (pogono tans) growth on sulfide chimneys of the luan de Fuca spreading zone in the northeast Pacific at 1580 m. See news item this, Sue. (Photo by John Delaney, courtesy of erena Tunnicliffe, University of Victoria, Victoria, B.C., Ganada.).

University of Cafifornia, Riverside/Geology lwith emphasis on petrology). Assistant Professor opening beginning 1 July 1984. The appointment is ladder faculty position. Appointee would teach at both undergraduate and graduate levels (M.S. and Ph.D.) and should be able to teach several of Petrology, Mineralney, Geochemistry, Crynallography, Field Geology, Ph.D. required. In addition to teaching, trient and service are required of Lauthy members at the University of California. Applicants should submit a current turriculum viae with names and addresses of three people who have agreed to provide references. Applications received by February 1, 1984, will receive preference. Applications may be accepted until successful candidate is appointed. Send applications to Dr. Lewis H. Cohen, Search Committee Chair, Department of Farth Sciences, University of California, Riverside, California, 1925.21.

The University of California is an Equal Opportu-The University of Californio is an Equal (Apportu-nity/Allirumtive Action Employer.

University of California, San Diego/Assistant Research Chevalst. The Institute of Marine Resources at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography, University of California San Diego, onticipates an opening for an ASSISTANT RESEARCH CHEMIST (salary range: \$22,900,\$26,800) in the Food Chain Research Croup. The primary responsibility of the position is to carry out fundamental research in marine organic chemistry in association with other IMR oceonographers.

Applicants must have (i) a Ph.D. in organic chemistry, marine chemistry or chemical oceanography and at least two years of post-doctoral experience in marine chemistry; (ii) an ability to carry out independent research in the ocean as demonstroted by an active publication record in refereed journals; and [iii] experience in work of sea with modern sampling and analytical methods.

Sent resume and names of three referees by March 1, 1984, to:

Sent resume and names of three referees by March 1, 1984, to:

Dr. Fred N. Spiess, Director
Institute of Marfne Resources, A-028
Scripps Institution of Oceanography
University of California San Diego
La Jolla, California 2003
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University of Iowa/Faculty Positions. The Department of Physics and Astronomy anticipates two openings for tenure-track assistant professors or visiting faculty at any level in August 1984. In exceptional cases a term or removed appointment at the associate professor or professor level will be considered. Preference for one position will be given to an experimentalist in intermediate or high energy physics. University research interests in the department are ratho and omical astronomy and the folphysics. Current treatch interests in the department are ratho and optical astronous and the following specialities in physics: asonac, condented materia, clementary partirle, laser, inclear, plasma, and space physics. Eachly drines include undergraduate and graduate traching, guidance of research students and personal research, interested persons should sudmit a restone and a statement of research interests and arrange for three letters of recommendation to be sent to Search Committee, Repartment of Physics and Astronomy, Pic University of lowariow, 19, 14 7829-12. Towa Cary, 1A 52242.

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allumative action employer National Centec for Atmospheric Research/Visitor Applicants. At the High Ahimde Observators, Visitor Applicants, At the High Ahimde Observators, Visitor Applicants are available for new and established Ph.D.'s for up to one year periods to carry out research in solar playsus, solar-terrestrial playsics, as and related subjects. Applicants should provide a curriculum vitae inclinding education, work experience, publications, the names of three scentists familiar with rheir work, and a statement of their research plans. Applications must be received by January 15, 1984, and they should be sent to: HAO Visitor Committee, High Ahimde Observators, National Center for Atmospheric Research, P.O. Box Sunt, Bombler, Colorado 80307.

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Pacufty Poaltion/Arizonn State University, Department of Geology. Applications are invited for a tentre-track laculty position at the assistant professor level, heginning in Arigust of 1984.

The selected candidate will be expected to display excellence in teaching and to develop a vigorous program of research on important geological problems. Possible research areos which would complement or extend existing stengths in the department include solid earth/crustal geophysics, seismology, and mineral physics.

Please send a detailed statement of research and teaching interests and a resume with names of four references by January 15, 1984 to Paul Knooth, Chairman, Department of Geology, Arizona State University is an equal opportunity/alfirmotive action employer.

The University of Mississippi/Tanure-Track Assistant Professor. The Department of Geology/Geological Engineering, University of Mississippi has a tenure-track Assistant Professor opening beginning Fall 9emester 1984. The position, which is contingent upon FY 1984 funding, is open to the following geoscience specialdes in descending order of priority; Geohydcology, Geochemistry, Stratigraphy and Geological Engineering. A PhD is required. The closing date for application is May 1, 1984. Send a resume and the names, addresses and phone Deno a resume and the names, addresses and phon numbers of three references to: Professor C. Brunton, Chalcman, Department of Geology/Geological Engineering, University of Missualppi, University, MS 38677.

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Ohlo State University/Mineralogist. The Department of Ceology and Mineralogy invites applications for a tenure track position in minerslogy or minerology/petrology (this is a position that has been reopened). The successful applicant will be expected to interact whit other mentions of the faculty in the fields of mineralogy, petrology, geochemistry, and economic reology.

and economic geology.

A Ph.D. or equivalent is required. The successful applicant will be expected to teodi graduate and undergraduate courses, rouduct research, and supervise graduate students. Rank and salary will be rommensurote with experience and research record. Please send applications to: Dr. David H. Elliot

Chairman, Search Committee
Department of Goology and Minerology
The Ohio State University
Columbus, OH 45210

Applications should include resume, statement of a search rerord and interests, and the names of at research reford and interests and the names of at least three persons who can provide recommendation. The closing date for opplications is December 31, 1083; the appointment will be effective no later than October 1, 1084, Additional information can be obtained by writing for calling (614) 322-6531. The Ohio Stato University is an equal opportunity/affirmative nettors employer:

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# RESEARCH FACULTY POSITION

### DEPARTMENT OF OCEANOGRAPHY NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL

An (adjunct) research laculty position in physical/dynemical oceanography is immediatey available; it is expecied to continue for several years. A PhD in physical oceanography, maleorology, geophyeical liuid dynamics, epplied mathametics, physics or enginaering le required. The position is dedicated to e program, in synoptic/mesoscate oceen prediction over an open domain, called OPTOMA (Oceen Prediction Through Observetions, Modeling, and Analysis). OPTOMA le a joint NPS/Herverd program, sponsored by ONR, which has been in progress for e yeer-and-e-hall. A saries of oceen prediction experiments in the eddy lield of the Ceillomia Current System is planned over the next several years. The scientific responsibilities of the position involve: (1) running elimitetions and prediction experiments with, end evolving, the Hervard atelletical-dynamical (e queel-gaostrophic model interacting with e statistical objective enalysis) model, (2) participating in seagoing, real-time ocean prediction experiments, often es a chief scientiet, (3) conducting deta a nelysis studies, and (4) developing leedership in the physical interpretation of aynoptic/mesoscale processee. Hanca, a strong background in ocean dynamics and an activa involvament in numerical modeling are required. In summery, this is an important scientilic opportunity for someone interested in combining synoptic work at saa with theory and numerical model-

Aesete of the Department include a research vessel with ready access to an exciting region of the ocean, free access to an IBM 333 with excellent graphica capabilities, and proximity to the Fleet Numerical Oceanography Center and the Navel Environmental Prediction Research Facility. Links exist to NORDA, the Navel Oceanographic Office, other Nevy lebe, and NOAA activities, as well as other ecademic institutions. Altogether, thate ere over 100 precilcing physical ocegnographere and mateorologists in the Monterey area. Finally, the Montaray area has appectacular climate and scenary.

We will welcome applications on a continuing basis. However, the Initial closing data will be 9 December 1983. Send e curriculum villee; etelament of professional intereste; and nemaa, eddresses, and telephone numbers of et least three references to:

> Professor Christopher N. K. Mooers Cheirman, Oceanography Department, Code 68Mr Naval Poetgraduete School Monterey, CA 93943 Telephone: (408) 646-2673

The Neval Posigreduata School is en Affirmetive Action/Equel Opportunity Employer.

Texas A&M University/Geological Oceanography Positions. The Decar Uniting Project (ODP) in vites applications for the following anticipated pasi-tions: Several full-time staff scientists (Ph.D.) required. These openings, in various lields of marine geometric, are anneipated to be filled over a one quired. These openings, in various nears in marine geoscience, are anneipatral to be filled over a one year privial consensing 1 October 1983. The individuals will be responsible for conditating activities prior and subsequent to the croises, including the publication of results. The successful candidates will be expected to attend the foll IES panel needings relating to their scientiff expertise. Several full-time marine technicians. Previous shipboard experience and undergraduate degree in geology or related science highly desirable. These positions require participation of about 6 months pec year tahernating two months on and two months off) abourd a scientific drillship diarter.

Applicants shoold submit a letter of application, curriculum vitae, and names of 3 references to: Dr. Pillip D. Rabinowitz, Praject Director, ODP, Dept. of Oceanography, Texas A&M University, College Sadon, TX 77843.

An Equal Opportunity Employer.

Faculty Opening/Department of Geological Sciences, Ruigers University, Nawack. Tenure-track Assistant Professorship with research and teaching interest at both the undergradatute and graduate levels in Hydrogeology or Geophysics. The appointer will also be required to teach Structural Genings at the undergraduate level. Ph.D. required, publication record ami/or experience desirable. Position available July 1, 1984. Salary commensurate with qualifications and experience.

Applicants should submit a resume, namea uf three references and o statement of research inter-

ces and o statement of research inter est by March 31, 1984, to: Dr. Andreas H. Vassiliou, Chairman Department of Geological Sciences Rotgers University Newark, New Jersey 07102

Rotgers University is an Equal Opportunity/Affic-mative Action Employee.

Northern Illinois University/Geophysicist. The Department of Ceology seeks to fill a tenure-track position in geophysics beginning August 15, 1984. Candidates with experience in applied seismolugy are particularly encouraged to apply. Appointment will be at the rank of Assistant Frolessor. Post-doctoral experience is ronsidered important, and the successful candidate will be expected to develop an aggressive research program, teach at both the graduate (Ph.D. and M.S.) and undergraduate levels, and interact with an active group of faculty and students in geophysics. Send resunts, attacement of research interests, and the names of littee references to: Chair, Geophysics Search Committee, Department of Geology, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL 6011b. Application deadline is February 1, 1984.

Northern tillnois University is an equal opportu-ty/affirmative action employer.

University of California/Faculty Appointments.

The Department of Geology and Geophysics at the University of California, Berkeley, CA. 94720, pending budgetary approval, expects to make two faculty uppointments effective Fall 1984, one tit the jundor level and one at the sentor level. Applicants must be interested in pursuing a vigorous research program and in teaching both undergraduate and graduate students. The preferred areas of specialization are sedimentary petrology and sedimentology, stratigraphy and petroleum geology, regional tectonics, geochemistry, economic geology, not metamorphic geology. Applications, including the inspire of references, should be settle to the Chairmon at the above address by January 15, 1984.

The University of California is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmalive Actique Employer.

Texas A&M University/Deputy Department Head. The Department of Oceanography in the College of Grosciences at Lexas A&M University is seeding a deputy department fread to assist in the academic and administrative functions in the Department. Duties will invoke 75 percent administrative and 25 percent research or teaching on a 12-month appointment basis. This is a tenure track position and will be filled at an academic level commensurate with the experience of the applicant. Applicant must have demonstrated administrative ability, an established record in research and an interest in teaching at both undergraduate and graduate levels of Oceanography. Clusting due for applications is 15 December 1983. Effective date of this appointment will be 1 January 1984. will be I January 1984. TAMU is an equal opportunity/affirmative action

Duke University/Tenu ce-Track Position. The Department of Geology is seeking applicants for a tenure-track position in the general held of Paleontology/Sedimentary Geology. Rank foe the position is at the Assistant Professoe level and the PhD is required. Undergadusare teaching responsibilities include Historical Geology and Invertebrate Paleontology. The appointee will be expected to develop graduate level courses, to initiote a research program, and to direct graduate students at both the MS and PhD levels. An opportunity exists to offer courses and conduct research at the Duke Marine Laboratory. The position is to be filled by September, 1984 with a closing date of December 31, 1983 for the acceptance of applications.

Interested applicants should send a resume and the names and addresses of three references to Chairman, Department of Geology, Duke University, Box 5729 College Station, Durham, North Carolina 27708.

ina 27708. Duke University is an equal oppoctunity/affirms-

### Massachusetts Instituta of Technology Marine Geology and Geophysica EXTENDED DEADLINE

The Department of Earth, Atmospheric, and Planetary Sciences has an opening for a junice or senior faculty member in marine geology and geophysics. The candidate should have a strong interest in obtaining and analyzing geological and geophysical data and be prepared to participate in cruises. Specializations could include tectonics at inde-occan ridges or island arcs, continental margin evolution, basin evolution or paleo-occanography. The candidate would be expected to interact with such fields in the department as regional tectonics, scismology, marine geology and geophysics, sedimentology, or chemical occanography, and to participate in the Joint Program in Oceanography with the Wooda Hole Oceanographic Institution.

Applicants should automit resume and list of references by 15 january 1984 to:

William F. Brace Chairman Dept. of Earth, Atmospheric, and Planetary Sciences 54–316, M.I.T. Cambridge, MA 02139

M.I.T. is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

. . .

# MARINE **GEOCHEMIST**

The Chemistry Department of The Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution invites applications from researchers in the field of morine geochemistry. Applicants should have o PhD, and, preferably, postdoctoral experience with a demonstroted excellence in research in the preo of organic geochemistry with particular interest and expertise in pincieni sedimeni organic geochemistry or petroleum geochemistry. Experience with rechniques in trace organic analysis such as gas chromatography/mass spectrometry/computer systems would be porticularly valuable. Appointments will be made at the Assistant, Associate or Senior Scientist level depending on the candidare's qualifications. Interested condidates should send resume, transcript, reprints and nomes of potential referrees to Personnel Manager

Box 54P



**WOODS HOLE OCEANOGRAPHIC** INSTITUTION

Woods Hole, MA 02343 An equal opportunity employee

Princeton University/Faculty Appointment. The Department of Civil Engineering at Princeton University invites applications for a faculty appointment in the Water Resources Program beginning September 1984. Responsibilities indude graduate and undergradute teaching in Iluid mechanics, surface water hydraulics, and numerical methods, and development of and participation in a research program related to surface and subsurtace hydraulic and hydrologic systems. Candidates most have a Ph.D. degree with demonstrated teaching ability and scholarship. Submit rexume and three references to George F. Pinder, Chairman, Department of Civil Engineering, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ 08544.

Princeton University is an affirmative action/equal

Arizona State University/Geochemistry Research Specialist. To operate and modify automated SEM lacility for serosol panide aniaysis in atmospheric geochemistry research. Software development and SEM/EDS experience necessary. Ph.D. optional. Competitive salary. Send resume, statement of experience to personnel. Arizona State University. Tempe, Arizona 85287 and names of three references to Dr. P.R. Buseck, Depts. of Geology and Chemistry.

ASU is an EO/AA e roployer.

Hamilton College/Faculty Position. Applications are invited for a tenure-track position starting September 1984 at the Assistant Professor level. This position will expand the department from three to four faculty members. We seek a person widt a PhD who is strongly oriented toward undergraduate teaching and whose field of training and incressuare in any of the following fields: geophysics, low-temperature geochemistry, oceanography. Highly qualified candidates in other areas will also be considered. The successful candidate will be expected to contribute to introductory tourses offered by the department, teach advanced undergraduate courses, and oraintain a research program. Hamilton is a private, coeducational liberal arts rollege with 1600 students. The department has an active program with 10–15 majors in each dass, excellent facilides and equipment, and a strong emphasis on field work.

(andidates should send letters of application, resumes, transcripts, and three letters of recommendation to: Donald B. Potter, Chairotan, Department of Ceology, Hamilton College, Clinton, NY 18323.

Ilamilton College is an equal opportunity employer. Women and infinurities are encouraged to apply.

Geophysicist Tenure-Track Appointment/Department of Geology, University of Toledo. The position is effective September I. 1984. Instividuals will strong backgrounds in expluration geophysics—applied geophysics are of primary interest aldrough other specializations will be considered. The Ph.D. is required as well as a strong comminment to effective teaching and research. The department has modern facilities and offers B.S., B.A., and M.S. degrees to approximately 60 umbergraduate and 50 graduate students. The faculty consists of eight full time and five adjuste professors actively involved in a widerange of research pursuits. Interested persons should sobmili a letter of upphication, resume, transcripts, and three letters of recommendation to: Stuart L. Dean, Chalmian of Search Committee, Department of Geology, University of Toledo, Toledo, Olido 48606, phone (410) 557-2248 or 1418) 527-2009.

University of Tuledo is an equal opportunity/af-firmative action employer.

Staff Scientista/Systems Analysts. Research and Data Systems, luc. has openings available for Staff Scientista, Systems Analysts and Programmer/Analysts to work in areas involved in the processing and application of data from satellite based remote sensing systems. Particular needs involve the analysis and processing of Earth Rudiation Ondget, Microwave, AVHRR and LANDSAT data. Needs also exist in the areas of interactive image graphics, software engineering, realtime processing and satellite data communications. Successful candidates will have an advanced degree in meteorology, physics, engineering, mathematics, or computer sciences. Hardware background should include IBM, DEC, CYBER or HP-1000 equipment. Send resume in confidence to:

Research and Data Systems, Inc. 10300 Greenbelt Road, Stille 206 Lanham, Marylanti 20706 Telephone: (301) 391)-6100

Bostoo University/Faculty Position. The Astronomy Department at Boston University expects to have a faculty position available beginning either January or September 1984, extending at least through the 1984/85 scademic year. Applicants are sought who have teaching experience and who have a proven research record as evidenced by publicadoos and recommendations. Research programs in the department include ionospheric and magnetospheric physics, galactic astronomy, and extragalactic and high energy astrophysics. Applicants with research programs in any of these areas will be considered; however, preference will be given to those with experimental or observational interests.

Equal consideration will be given to individuals wishing to stan in January or September 1984. Depending on the future availability of funds, this positiots may be rouverted to a permanent line leading to eventual tenure.

Please send a curriculum vitae, names of three persons who can provide an evaluation of cour teaching and research and a brief statement of current research interests to:

Kennerh Janes, Chairman Astronomy Department Uoston University 725 Commonwealth Avenue Boston, MA 02215 (017) \$53-2027

Boston University is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

Igneous/Metamorphic Petrologist or Structural Ge-ologiat/Hobart and William Smith Colleges. The Department of Geoscience of these private, coordi-nate, liberal ans rolleges seeks applicants for a full-time, tenure-track position for September, 1984. We need a field-oriented, igneous or metamorphic pe-trologist or structural geologist, a person committed to excellence in teaching and to stimulation of int-dergraduate research. Ph.D. required and teaching experience desirable. Teaching includes introduc-tory rourses, nunerality, petrology and structure experience desirable. Teaching includes Introduc-tory rourses, nuncralugy, petrology and structure plus participation in the Colleges' general curricu-lum. Research enrouraged and supported. Submit Vinae and three letters of recommendation in: Don-ald L. Woolfow, Department of Geoscience, Hobart and William Sinkh Colleges, Geneva, NY 14456. Applications from women and members of minority groups consurgated.

roups entoursged.

Hobart and William Smith Colleges are equal op-

Research Diserver/U.S. Department of Commerce.
Position in Barrow, Alaska. Conducts scientific measurements at the NOAA Baseline Diservatory in Barrow, Alaska. Will make measurements of atmospheric Co2, ozone, acrosols, other trace ronstituents, and meteorological parameters. This position is an electronics specialist (instrument). Responsibilities are calibration and maintenance of the Observatory instruments and NOVA minicomputer. We seek applicants with electronics technician background with at least 4 years of experience or electronics engineers with at least 2 years experience. The experience should be specialized in effectionic instrumentation ealibration and maintenance.

This is a 15-24 month appointment. Duty station for the first two months will be in Boolder, Colorado for orientation and training, then at Barrow, Alaska, NDAA will supply bachelor quarters at reasoastic cost in Barrow. The Observatory is within 6 miles of Barrow, a community of about 2000 people. The measurements supply information for current atmospheric research into dimate and climate change. We offer an adventure as well as good salary Jabout \$30,000-\$40,000 per year, depending on qualifications and experience). For more infurmation, contact Mr. Bernard Mendonca, U.S. Dept. of Commerce/NOAA, \$23 Oroadway, Boilder, Colorado 8003; telephone FTS \$20.6735 or Commercial 1803, 497-6783,

NOAA is an equal opportunity employer.

Physical Scientist/National Center for Atmospheric Research. Provides skilled support to research group involved in stmospheric chemistry and radiative transfer. Areas of activity include: synthesis and interpretation of infrared spectra, Fourier analysis, new analysis procedures for data from advanced instruments, FORTRAN programming and organization and maintenance of large data base. Apointment will be at the Support Scientist III/IV level in NCAR's Atmospheric Chemistry and Aeronomy Division. Apply with resume to NCAR, Attention: Eather Blazon, PO Box 3000, Boulder, Colorado, 80307, by 20 December 1985, or call (S08) 497-1638 or (303) 487-1674 for further Information. NATIONAL CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH is an Equal Opportundy/Affirmative Action Employer.

Oblo State University/Selsmologiat-Tectonophysicist. The Department of Geology and Mineralogy, The Ohio State University, invites applications for a tenure-track position for a geo-physicist with research interests in seismology and/ or tectonophysics. The successful applicant must be prepared to assist in teaching exploration geophys-ics coursex, advanced topics in his/her specialty, con-duct research, ond supervise graduate students. Preference will be given to candidates with post-doc-toral or Industrial experience. Rank and salary com-mensurate with experience and research record. Please send sppplications or nominations as soon as possible to:

Dr. Ralph R.B. von Frese Chairman, Search Committee Department of Geology and Mineralogy The Ohio State University Columbua, OH 452 10 Phone: (6141 422-5635 or 422-272)

Applications should include a resume, a statement of research interests and the names of at least three persons whom we may contact for recommendations. The closing date for applications is December 23, 1883; appointments will be effective no later than October 1, 1984. Additional information can be obtained by writing or calling the search committee chairman.

The Ohlo State University is an equal opportunity/affirmative action employer.

Atmospherie Physicist/Northern Arizoto University. Tenure-track assistant professor acailable January 10, 1984 (or August, 1984) in an eleven-man Physics Department with a joint appointment in Computer Science. Teaching is at the undergraduate level with approximately one-half time decorded to teaching courses related to Laboratory applications of computers. Knowledge of FDRTRAN at least one assembly language, and fundamental digital logic is essential. Approximately one-half time will be devoted to teaching and research in Physics. Areas of research interest could include radiative transfer, mesocale dynamics, unpreside liber and Areas of research interest could include ranliative transfer, mesoscale dynamics, orographic llows and/or meterological/environmental instannentation including renote sensing. Send a complete resume, statement of research interest and professional guals and names of three references to: Dr. Keimeth Odell, Chairperson, Department of Physics, Hox 6010, Northern Arizona University, Hagstall, AZ, 80011.

80011.

Applications received prior to Nuvember 30 will receive full consideration. Ph.D. regoined. Academic salary range \$20,000–25,000.

NAU is an Affirmatice Action/Equal Opportunity

Louisiana State University/Tenure-Track Faculty Positiona in Geology. The Repartment of Candergy is expanding from 15 to 35 faculty with burr positions open Fall 1984 and one position (Field Camp Director) open January 1984. Candiblates must have the Ph.R. and have active research in progress that might be applied to studies of busins. Specialties of primary interest are held geology, theoretical seismongy, hydrogeology, and organic gene hemistry; however, other disciplines will also be considered with quality of research heing the primary Loton in applicant selection. All faculty in the Repartment are required to conduct research leading in publica-

applicant selection. All faculty in the Repartment are required to conduct research leading to publications and to provide quality instruction. The Department will expand into a new building January 1986. For consideration send resume, three letters of reference and a description of research to Lele McGinnis, Faculty Search, Department of Goobge, Looixians State University, Babon Rooge, LA 70803—4101. Search Will remain open until positions are filled.

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Professor Rafael L. Bran

Professor Rafael L. Bras Ralph M. Parsons Laborotory Room 48–311 Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, MA 02189 (617) 253-2117

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# **Princeton University** Short Course



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For information please contact:

Dr. George F. Pinder, Chairman Department of Civil Engineering Princeton University Princeton, N.J. 08544 (609) 921-7247.

Fundamental Concepts in Modelling Fluid Flow and Solute Transport in Porous Media January 24 - 27, 1984

# Union Candidates

Est is carrying biographies and plinto-graphs of all candidates for President-elect, General Secretary, and Foreign Secretary, the Union and for President-elect and Secretary of each Section. In addition, statements whe candidates for Union offices and for Secion President-elect will appear. The material for the Union-wide candidates appears this week. The sections and the date of the issee in which the material for their candidates appeared are as follows:

Geodes; Geomagnetism and Paleomagnetism Au-Planelology and Planetology petition caudidate August 30 and October 18

Atmospheric Sciences September 27

Itelenophysics October 11

Seissology October 18

Hydrology October 25

Ocean Sciences November 1 Volcanology, Geochemistry, and Petrology Novem-

Solar-Planetory Relationships November 15 The slate of candidates for all offices was carried in the June 21 issue.

### Union: President-elect

John D. Bredehoeft Amember of AGU since 1963; 50 years old. Regional Hydrologist. Water Resources Dividon, U.S. Geological Survey, Menlo Park, Calif. Visiting Scholar, Department of Applied Earth Sciences, Stanford University. Major inter-

ests: water resources; groundwater hydrology, role of groundwater in tectonic processes. B.S.E. in geological engineering, Princeton, 1955; Ph.D. in geology, Illinois, 1962. Explu-ration geologist, Humble Oil, Utah, 1987– 1959; research assistant, Illinois State Geologkal Survey, 1960; groundwater research, U.S. Geological Survey, since 1962; visiting faculty member, Illinois, 1967-1968; nn luan to Resources for the Future, 1968-1970; directed water research for the U.S. Geological Surres, 1974-1979; Regional Hydrologist, West-m Region, since 1980.

fellow: AGU, GSA. Served on a number of mmittees: member at large, Geophysics Re-earth Board (NAS-NRC); Geophysics Study Committee (NAS-NRC); Committee on Rock Mechanics (NAS-NRG); Chairman, Ad Hoc Committee: Utilization of Numerical Ground Water Models fur Water Resources Management (SCOPE-ICSU); Chairman, International Hydrologic Program work group: Ground Water Models for Management (UNESCO). Published 56 papers; 22 in AGU publications. ideding 16 in WRR, 4 in ICR; coauthor of Water Resources Manograph 5. Recipient, 1974, merdisciplinary Award-U.S. Conunittee un Rock Mechanics for the paper C. B. Rnleigh, J. Healy, and J. D. Bredeinoeft, 1972, "Faultng and crustal stress at Rangely, Golorado"; 1975, AGU Hortum Award for the paper G. Pinder and J. D. Bredchoeft, 1968, "Application of the digital computer for aquifer statustion": 1975, GSA, Meinzer Award for the paper J. D. Bredehoeft and G. F. Pinder, 1973, Mass transport in flowing ground wa-ter Meritorious and Distinguished Service Awards (DOI). Chalrman, AGU Water Resources Monograph Board.

In examing a number of issues facing soci- Statement ely loday, especially those with which I am most familiar and in which water plays an im-Mution to many of these problems new scientific understanding. Many of the More challenging and interesting problems transcend the bounds of traditional disciincs-carthquake prediction, induced seismicity, nuclear waste disposal, toxic waste dispotal, and groundwater confaminadon, to

Two of these examples will illustrate my point. Hubbert and Rubey, in their classic paper on the role of fluid pressure in overth-tusing pointed out the importance of fluid pressure in controlling the state of stress within the controlling the state of stress within the earth. The aubsequent experiment at Rangely, Colo., demonstrated that earth-quakes could be controlled by manipulating the fluid pressure. Our efforts at Rangely required a team with an understanding of rock mechanics, seismology, and reservoir engi-

The current focus on groundwater con-More and more the bigger problem appears lo be contamination by man-made organic compounds. Many of the reactions which take place with these compounds are biologically controlled. The scientific problem is one of predicting the physical transport of a set of diganic compounds in which chemical reac-

tions are taking place, some of which are clearly biologically controlled. Problems such as these cannot be solved by hydrologists alone; if they are to be solved they will require the interdisciplinary attack of diverse areas of the geophysical disciplines. It is my aspiration, were I to be elected, that we could move tuward closer integration of the entire community of geophysicists. Integrations in-volving hydrology are but one example of uther interdisciplinary efforts possible. "One of the exciting ideas in earth sciences today is the Commental Scientific Drilling

Program. The concept is not new; it has been discussed for at least the last 10 years. It now seems that the academic community is assembling a consortium which could give the Progrant sufficient impetus to make it a viable reality. AGU can, I believe, play an important role in providing a forum for open discussion of the Program and in providing a vehicle for

advertising in the best sense. "The American Geophysical Union has played a prominent role in the history of hydrology in this country. One continues to hear stories about famuus AGU meetings in the 1950's, 1940's, and 1950's at which heated debates took place amongst the pioneers of hydrologic science uver basic principles. Many of the most significant advances in hydrology were published in the Transactions of AGU. Today, Water Resources Research is the premier scientific journal in hydrology in the world. Hydrology continues to be the largest section within the Union with more than 2,000 members. As a hydrologist I recognize the important role AGU has played in the past and continues to play for hydrologists in providing both a forum for discussion as well as journals of scientific excellence. I am fully aware that AGU has performed the same impurtant lunctions for other areas of the geophysical sciences. It is with this tradition firmin mind that I view the activities of the Union, as well as my own election.

Pster S. Eagleson A member of AGU since 1955; 55 years old. Professor of Civil Engineering at the Massachuseus istitute of Technology IMIT). Major ateas uf scientific interest are hy-

drolugy and climatology. B.S. (1949) and M.S. 1982) from Lehigh University and the Sc.D. (1956) from MIT. Has held faculty positions at MIT since 1988 and from 1970-1975 was Head of its Departnient of Civil Engineering. Member of ASCE and IAHS, the Committee on Hydrology of AMS, the U.S. National Committee of IAHS, the NASA Science Working Group for Land-Related Global Habitability, and the NRG Water Science and Technology Board, Has been chairman of the GARP Working Group on Land Surface Processes, member of the Drafting Group of the U.S. Climate Program 5-year plan, and various NRC panels on Remote Sensing in Earth Science.

Author of 65 publications, 18 in AGU journals, author of the textbook Dynamic Hydrology (1970), and editor of the book Land Surface Processes in Atmospheric Caneral Circulation Madels (1982). Honors include: Member, National Academy of Engineering (1982); Horton Award of AGU Hydrology Section (1979); Fellow, AGU (1975); Herschel Prize, BSCE (1965); Huber Prize, ASCE (1965); Fitzgerald Medal, BSCE (1959). Gurrendy president of the AGU Hydrology Section and member of the U.S. National Committee for IUGG. Previously served on the AGU Fellows Committee and as Chairman of its Horton Medal subcommittee.

"The scientific and fiscal health of the Portani role, I am struck by the fact that the Union has never been better and consequently I foresee no m come its president. There are several areas of particular concern to me, however.

"The Union's publications are at once lis raison d'etre and the wellspring of its solvency. If elected I would give first priority to maintaining the preeminence of our existing journals and monographs while exploring vigorously the opportunities for expanding this service we provide to the scientific com-munity. This would require continuing attention to the control of publication cost and to its equitable allocation among author, reader, and archival institution. "Increasingly, there is need to address sci-

entific problems which xpan the interests of more than one of our discipline-oriented Sections. As classicist William Arrowsmith once said, "We have integrated problems and dis-integrated skills..." Some examples of integrated secus. Some examples of integrated geophysical problems from my own areas of interest are acid rain, drought, regional climate change, and global habitability If elected I would seek ways of increasing th flexibility and effectiveness of the Union in focusing attention on such multidisciplin problems. Mechanisms to accomplish this might include Union-wide technical commit tees and their sponsorship of Union wide

technical sessions, increased use of Eos for scientific articles of multidisciplinary interest, and perhaps even the formation of one or more new Sections in order to bring into the Union disciplines not well represented. In this last case, I think first of biogeuchemical cycles. Gertainly, a key component in under-standing the earth as a living planet is the cycling of its constituent elements. Perhaps biothemistry should have a formal home

"Finally, I am also interested in the problem of the scientist as citizen and in the role of the Union both in enhancing scientists' un derstanding of science policy issues and in facilitating their participation in public affairs."

### Union: General Secretary

member of AGU since 1969; 49 years old. Geophysicist at the Geophysical Laboratory, Carnegie Institution of Washington; Major in-terests: high-pressure and spectroscopy. B.S., S.L.U., 1980; M.S., Uni-

versity of Cincinnati, 1959; A.M., Harvanl University, 1962; Ph.D., Harvard University, 1963. Post-Doctoral Fellow, 1963-1964, Faculty since 1961, Geophysical Laboratory; Fellow, AGU (since 1969), MSA; Member P.G.S. (Vice-President) G.S.W., G.S., G.S.A.; Contmittees, NRC-Earth Science, Pet. Res. Fund ACS, U.S. National Committee Inter. Geol. Corr. Prog.; Editor, Eos; Associate Editor, Physics and Chemistry of Minerals; Editorial Board, Science, Advances in Geochemistry.

Awards, Apollo XI, Skylab, Skylab II. NASA Medal Highest Sci. Achievement, 1976; Nat. Geo. Soc. Award, 1978; Guggenheim, 1981; Cal. Inst. Tec. Falrehild Dist. Schl., 1983; total number of scientific research publications, 211; 8 in AGU journals (plus numerous articles in Eos).

### Stalement

"The American Geophysical Union has become an effective interacting agent and functional representative of the Atmospheric, Planetary, Oceanographic, and Earth Sciences community during the past 20 years. AGU membership has increased during this period several hundred percent, and the number of journals and publications of the Union has increased from 2 to more than 20. Budgets of AGU have risen in this time span from the thousand dollar levels to an increasing figure of several million dollars per year. These fac-tors constitute ample evidence of the success of AGU. At the same time, the growing num-bers of members, activities, meetings, publications, and finances of the Union are factors of great concern for the membership. The concerns range from day-to-day management of a complex, multimillion dollar operation to the degree to which this operation is effective In meeting its primary goals of fostering sci-

The duties of General Secretary of the Union are to oversee these functions on a regular basis. The General Secretary thus may serve to focus concerns of the membership. As AGU grows and seeks to provide a major medium for communication within the scientific community, its policies must be modified and updated regularly. The General Secretary does not create new policy but does have the responsibility of overseeing its implementation, which is no trivial task. "Perhaps of most urgent interest for the

AGU membership are the changex in new-

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generation commutational techniques that are to be utilized by the Union for a range of functions extending from in-house accounting procedures to possibilities of developing systems for scientific communication and sturage that would be made routinely available to dembers. The urgency arises from the fact that changenvers in computation are already mulerway at AGU.

"There has been a long-standing concern about merhods of improving the handling of scientific istamiscripts and data. It appears that AGU, in continuing its efforts toward initiating innovative procedures of handling scientific communications, may have the opportunity to exploit electronic processing techniques in the near future. AGU is moving ahead in these areas and should be commended. At the same time, the role of General Secretary to oversee this progress has never been more decisively important."

A member of AGU since 1959; 5S years old. Director of Applications, Goddard Space Flight Center. Major interests: the coupled ocean-atmosphere-land

Ph.D., (1954), University of Iowa. Naval Research Laboratory until 1958 when headed Rocket Sonde Branch. Goddard from 195B to present with several positions other than current one including head of the Space Sciences Division and Acting Center Director. Member of APS, AAAS, and Fellow RAS, 40 publications with 5 in AGU journals. Honors: Phi Beta Kappa, Sigma Xi, NASA's Scientific

AGU (cont. on p. 950)

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# AMERICAN GEOPHYSICAL UNION PUBS-A-GRAM S

Need to order Groundwater Hydraulics (1983), edited by J. S. Rosenshein and G. D. Bennett, Latest edition in the Water Resources Monograph Series.

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### Statement

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"There is no question but that AGU provides the most important mechanism for the exchange and documentation of geophysical information to the scientists of the world. Continuation of this important function requires that the Union be strong fiscally. In my candidacy statement of 4 years ago, however, I expressed the opinion that while the Union needs to be fiscally strong this should not be viewed as an end in itself but only as a necessary part in the Union achieving its larger objectives. Since that time, under the leadership of presidents Wilson and Van Allen, significant progress in dis direction has been achieved. In particular, the Union's fiscal health has markedly improved while at the same time there have been significant increases in the size of the membership, meeting attendance, journal pages published, and quality of service to the members, as well as significant decreases in publication lead times and staff turnover at AGU Headquarters. Opportunities now exist for ACU to build on lts notable achievements and to be of even more service in the future to its members and the geophysical community. I will continue to try to help in this process in whatever roles are appropriate."

### Union: Foreign Secretary

Louis J. Battan member of AGU since 1948; 60 years old. Ptofessor atmospheric sci-SE. ences, Institute of Atmospheric Physics, University of Arizona. Major interests: radar meteorology, cloud physics, serere local storms, and weather modification. Degrees in meteorology: B.S., NYU, 1946; M.S. in 1949, Ph.D. in 1953, University of Chicago. Weather officer, Army Air Corps, 1944-1946; research meteorolo gist, U.S. Weather Bureau, 1947-1951; research associate and lecturer. University of Chicago, 1955-1958; professor, 1958 to present, director of Institute of Atmospheric

Physics, University of Arizona, 1972-1982. Fellow, AGU, AMS, AAAS; Member, Sigma Xi; president and councilor, AMS; coun cilor, secretary, Section W, AAAS. Served on many committees such as: Chairman, Committee on Atmospheric Sciences, NAS; Chair man, Panel on Low-Altitude Wind Variability, NAS; vice-chairman, Ceophysics Study ommittee, NAS; Chairman, USNC for IUGG; member, National Committee on Oceans and Atmosphere: Member, 80ard of Trustees, University Corporation for Atmospheric Research; Chairman, Planning Commission AMS. Editorial boards: Nuova Cimento, C; Weatherwise; Encyclopaedia Britannica Yearbook of Science and the Future. Author or coauthor of 15 books; chapters or articles in 7 books; about 70 articles in refereed journals, 4 published by ACU. From AMS: Meisinger Award; Brooks Award; Second Half Century Award. Service in ACU: Vice-President and President, Meteorology Section; Fellows Committee; Membership Committee; Committee on International Participation.

"The American Geophysical Union exists because there is a unity to geophysics that must be nurtured and guided if we are to develop a deep and meaningful understanding of the planet on which we live. This concept is often stated but just as often ignored, be-cause of the pressures to earn a living and the tendency for specialization encouraged by

our educational and research establishments. "By its very nature, ACU brings together many geophysical specialists and encourages us-even forces us-to talk and think togeth er. With each passing year, it becomes increasingly evident that many of the major problems of the oceans, the atmosphere, and the land masses are intertwined. For example, to understand the climate of the earth and how it has varied over time scales from 100 to 109 years, one must bring into consideration most of the subdisciplines of geophysics. It also is evident that problems such as this one require a global perspective. All nations share the same atmosphere, are influenced by all the oceons, and sit on shifting plates whose boundaries pay no heed to the people or countries that happen to be above them.

"In order to deal effectively with many of the most crucial geophysical problems of the day, it is essential to earry out research programs on a global scale. Satellites allow us to make many important geophysical measure-ments, but many still have to be made in situ in all parts of the world. This requires international cooperation, collaboration, and the sharing of information. ACU is in a unique position to encourage such actions; the Committee on International Participation is the one that can advise AGU on how to achieve these worthy objectives."

Juan G. Roederer A 1965: 53 years old, Naturalized U.S. citizen. Director of the Geophysical Institute of the University of Alaska. Current interests: mag-

netospheric plasma physics, radiation belts. numerical modeling, psychoacoustics. Doctor of Science (physics) University of Buenos Aires, 1952. Fluent in Spanish, Cerman, Italian, and French. Group leader, Argenune AEC, 1953-1962; director, Argentine National Cosmic Ray Center, 1962-1966; professor of physics: University of Buenos Aires (1959-1966), University of Denver (1966-1977), University of Alaska, Fairbanks (since 1977); Visiting Staff Member, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, 1968-1981. Fellow, ACU and AAAS, cited for "fundamental contributions to magnetospher ic physics and to international cooperation in this field"; member, American Acoustical Society and Associación Argentina de Ceofísicos y Geodestas. Member, NAS/NRC Polar Research Board; was member and chairman of several NAS/NRC committees.

Current international activities: past-presi dent of IACA, vice president of SCOSTEP, IUCC representative in the COSPAR Executive Council. Past: member, IACA Executive Committee, 1967-1975; IAGA President, 1975-1979; member, SCOSTEP Sureau, 1967-1982; organized the International Magnetospheric Study and was chairman of the IMS Steering Committee 1971-1979. Extensive international travel, including USSR and PRC, in advisory capacity and as a lecturer.

Over 100 publications, 19 published by ACU: four single-authored books, two translated into other languages (Russian, Cerman, Japa nese). Outstanding Educator of America 1973: University Lecturer, University of Denver 1973; listed in seven Who's Whos. Associate Editor, JCR (1969-1971); chairman, AGU Lloyd Berkner Committee (1980-1982); member, ACU Committee on Interna tional Participation (1972-1980) and ACU/ URSI Joint Board for Radio Science (1972-1976); member, ACU Translations Board (sinre 1982).

"The American Geophysical Union is probably the largest private scientific association in the world dealing with geophysics. Accountable only to its members, it does not represent the views of a government or a political establishment. Yet it does represent United States science and, as such, is committed to our country's ideals of freedom of inquiry and freedom of expression.

"ACU's publications are at the top in the international market of scientific literature in geophysics, and ACU'a meetings and conferences are considered models for scientific meetings all over the world.

"We have a tendency to take all this for granted-yet, to flourish, excellence has to be constantly confirmed and rewon. To contribute to this process with vigor and foresight should be, in my view, the principal objective of the Union's leaderahip.

"Dealing with the quantitative understanding of the immediate and distant environments, of the planetary body, and of the related natural and man-made perturbations and hazards, geophysics is one of the scientific disciplines most relevant to the survival of humankind. Unfortunately, our world is governed by individuals with little compreension of what science is all about and with a limited understanding of why some scientific disciplines are particularly relevant. As an association of geophysicists, we have the obligation not only to further our own scientific discipline, but also to contribute to the public understanding of the role of our science as a venue for human progress and peace among nations. As the Foreign Secrelary of ACU I would channel an important part of my effort into that direction. This I would do not only for altruistic reasons: We ig a period in which the United States will be increasingly dependent on cooperation, trade, and political alliances with other countries. Indeed, the true leadership of our nadon, be it in science, economy, or ideology, will depend more and more on how

much we are able to Inspire, and less and less on how much we are able to dominate. "Without neglecting our interactions with all countries, I would identify a few world areas to which AGU should pay special atten-tion in terms of promoting professional interactions, membership, joint meetings, joint publications, exchange of young scientists and students, joint research endeavors, and providing editorial guldance and assistance for publication in ACU journals. First and foremost, I would consider the Latin American area, continuing and strengthening the current efforts of CIP. With my own educational background and 16 years of experience as a scientist and science administrator in Aras a scientist and science-administrator in Argendaa, I would feel comfortable carrying out the task of developing mutually beneficial programs with the Latin American sector.

Second, I would choose Western Europe, strengthening our already close ties with the European Geophysical Society, Again, I feel that I qualify to do this (after all, I am a born

Italiani). Third, I would select Chinn as an area with an astounding growth of scientific ties with the U.S., particularly in geophysics. And fourth, Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union, whose scientists are longing to intens ly their scientific ties with U.S. colleagues, efforts that are perennially frustrated by nonconvenible currency problems and other sig-nificant factors. I feel that my 20-plus years of experience in leading positions of interna-tional scientific organizations and research projects, and the aggregate 12 months I have spent since 1970 on science business in socialist countries also qualify me to deal with the third and fourth areas above."

## **New Mineral Physics Panels**

The ACU Committee on Mineral Physics has formed itself into six panels. The committee chairman is Orson L. Anderson of the Department of Earth and Space Sciences, University of California, Los Angeles; l'oreign secretary is Robert Liebermann, Department of Earth and Space Sciences, State University of New York, Stony Brook. The six panels are as follows

**AGU Session Programs** Raymond Jeanloz, chairman, UG Berkeley Charles Prewitt, SUNY, Stony Brook David Kohlateadt, Cornell Univ.

Conferences and Publications Donald Weidner, chairman, SUNY, Stony

Tom Shankland, Lox Alamos Nat Lab Alexandra Narrotsky, Univ. of Arizona Mineral Physics Fellowship Award (Annu)

Murli Manghnani, chairman, Univ. of Ha-William Bassett, Cornell Univ.

Lean Thomsen, AMOCO Membership and Publicity Robert Hazen, chairman, Geophysical Lib Earl Graham, Penn. State Univ.

Sue Kieffer, U.S. Geolugical Survey Long-Term Future of Mineral Physics Orsen Andersion, chairman, UCLA foe Smith, Univ. of Chicago Peter Bell, Graphysical Lab.

Nominations Tom Ahrenes, chairman, Cal Tech Ruger Burns, MIT Daniel F. Weill, Univ. of Oregon Hartimit Spetzler, Univ. of Colorado Orson Anderson Jex officio), UCLA

The committee has sponsored six session at the 1983 AGU Fall Meeting; they are be ing cosponsored by AGU's sections of Geo-naguetism and Paleomagoetism; Tectorophysics; and Volcanology, Geochemisty, and Petrology. The session titles are as follows:

Physics of Magina Transfer Mineral Physics at High Pressure Deformation of Rocks and Minerals Electrical Properties of the Crust and Man-

Phase Equilibria Physical Chemistry of Minerals

# <u>Meetinas</u>

### Announcements

### Hydrology at 1984 **Spring Meeting**

**Groundwater Chemical Transport** 

Increasing problems relating to disposal of wastea and the resulting groundwater pollution have focused attention on the mechanisms of contaminant migration in grunndwater. The need to design safe, long-term repositories for the nation's radicactive wastes has called attention also to the importance of predicting the fate and migration patterns of groundwater contaminants. Solutions to many of these problems will be approached

using computer modeling techniques. A model is limited by the quality of the data upon which it is based, such as permeability, effective porosity, dispersivity, and chemical reaction parameter values as well us field data used for calibration. A half-day symposium devoted to modern field methods for estimating or measuring parameters and data needed to support chemical transport models will be held at the 1984 AGU Spring Meeting in Cincinnati, May 14-18, 1984. Pupers are solicited on direct and indirect methods with emphasis on actual field results and limitations. The symposhum is being spausored by the ACU Groundwater Cummittee and organized by Fred J. Molz, Civil Englneering Department, Auburn University, and Mary P. Anderson, Department of Geology, University of Wisconsin-Madlson. A related symposium at the same meeting will focus on the theory and description of chemical trans-

port models. Abstracts, in ACU format, should be submitted by February 6, 1984, to Fred J. Molz, Civil Engineering Department, Auburn University, Auburn, AL 36849. Addidonal information can be obtained by calling Anderson at 608-262-2396 or Molz at 205-826-4326. One original and two copies of the abstract must be sent by February 22 to ACU Meet-2000 Florida Ave., N.W., Washington,

### Measuring Groundwater Transport Parameters

The ACU Croundwater Committee Is sponsoring a special session at the 1984 AGU Spring Meeting that will deal with modern field methods for supporting porous media chemical transport models. A model is limited by the quality of the data upon which it is based, including permeability and dispersivity parameter values and field data used for callbration. Therefore, the half-day special session will be devoted to all types of instrumentation, methodology, and field studies dealing with the measurement problem. A related symposium at the same meeting will focus on the theory and description of chemical transport models (see above).

Abstracts, in AGU format, should be sub-

mitted by February 6, 1984, to Fred J. Molz, Civil Engineering Department, Auburn University, Auburn, AL 36849 (telephone 205 828-4326) or Mary P. Anderson, Department 626-4326) or Wary P. Anderson, Department of Geology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI 63708 (telephone 608-282) 2998). One original and two copies of the alb A STATE OF THE STA

struct must be sent by February 22 to AGU Meetings, 2010 Florida Are., N.W., Washington, DC 2010101.

### Miscible and Immiscible Transport in Groundwater

During the last 10 years, considerable work has been devoted to increasing our knowledge and understanding of transport phenumeric in prevens media, especially as it pertains to grandwater contamination and hat-ardons waste disposed. But how much bave we really learned? Du we understand dispersion and other attenuation mechanisms better now than we did 10 years ago? How much coulidence should be placed in preferent concerning chemical transport? What are the recent developments in characterizing multi-Huid How at hazardous waste or contamination sites?

In an attempt to help answer these and other relevant questions, a special half-day session on miscible and immiscible transpor of chemicals in porous media will be held at the 1984 AGU Spring Meeting in Cincipant Mny 14–18, 1984. The symposium is sponsored by the AGU Groundwater Committee

The program will focus on conceptual models of transport processes, their mathenuttent description, applicability of theory to field problems, and reliability of prediction. As part of the program, several invited experis will lead a panel discussion on dispersion. A related symposium, at the same meeting, will focus on lield measurement of pa-

ranteters affecting transport.

Abstracts, in AGU format, should be submitted by February 6, 1984, to James W. Mercer, Gco Trans, Inc., P.O. Box 2550, Reton, VA 22091) (telephone 703-435-4400) or Leonard F. Konikow, U.S. Geological Survey, 431 National Center, Reston, VA 22092 (uk phone 703-860-6892). Additional information can be obtained from either of the conveners An original and two copies must be sent by February 22 to ACU Meetings, 2000 Florida Avc., N.W., Washington, DC 20009.

### Front Range Branch "Hydrology Days": Call for Papers

The ACU Front Range Branch is planning 3 "Hydrology Days" Tuesday, April 24, through Thuraday, April 26, 1984, at Colora through Thuraday, April 26, 1984, at Colora the Section Line Colora The Colora The Colora The Color do State University in Fort Collins, Colo. The objective is to provide a forum for hydrologists and hydrology students to meet and grant accomments. acquainted and to hear each other's prob-

lems, analyses, and solutions. This event is cosponsored by AGU's Hy drology Section and that section's Soil Water Committee. Several special sessions will be held with keynote addresses by recognized hydrologists. In particular there will be setsions on "Hydrology of the Vadose Zone" and a session on "Surface and Ground Water and Surface and Ground Water and G Models Suited for Management of Aquifers and of Stream Aquifer Systems

During the 8 days there will be presented the solutions of volunteered papers, it few lovited by pers, and papers by students (first day only). The time allocated for presentation will demonstrate the state of the The time allocated for presentation may pend on the response to this call for papers Tentatively the time allotted per paper will be about 30 minutes (including discussion); with dard visual alds (regular and overhead pro-lectors) will-be provided:

Hydrologists and hydrolugy students interested in presenting a paper should send a land affiliation, complete mailing address telephone number, title of paper, and a briel, double-spaced typed abstract (roughly onehalf page long) 10:

Professor H. J. Morel-Seytuux Past Chairman, ACU From Range Branch Department of Civil Engineering Colorado State University

Fort Collins, CO 80523 nlione 303-491-5448 or 491-8549 (ask for Dr. Morel-Scytoux) The deadline fur acceptance of abstracts

for telephone calls) is February 21, 1984. Papers missing the deadline may be scheduled for presentation but may ned appear on the program to be mailed out during the last seek of February and advertised in Eas shurtthereafter. Proceedings of the cunference will be published and available at the mecting Preference on the program will be given to authors who intend to provide a written version (Water Resources Research journal format) of their oral presentation. Deadline for ubmission of written version is March 26.

There will be no registration fee for students. There will be a small registration fee (between \$20 and \$30) for others to cover room rental fees, coffee becaks, programs, copies of abstracts, and other minor expenses. Final registration details will be available when the program is advertised in early March in Eas. Such information will also be available on request from Morel-Seytoux as well as housing information for those who plan to stay in Fort Collins overnight.

The AGU Front Range Branch will present awards and prizes to the best student papers ntwo categories: M.S. and Ph.D. candidates. At the banquet the second award for outstanding contributions to hydrology will be presented. Professor Emeritas Robert E. Clover was the first recipient. Please send pour nomination suggestions for this award to Morel-Seytoux at the above address.

### Ice Symposium

The International Association for Hydraulic Research (IAHR) will hold the Seventh IAHR Symposium on Iee in Haoiburg, tiermany, August 27-31, 1984. The deadline for submitting abstracts is December 31.

Three major topics will be discussed at the symposium: basics in iee technology, ice engineering for inland waters, and arctic marine engineering. Ice technology includes instrumentation and techniques in ice engineering. mistical methods, physical modeling of ice problems, and physics and mechanics of rivs, lake, and sea icc. Icc engineering in inand waters encompasses the formation of tiver and lake ice, ice hydraulics, transpunation systems, structures in rivers, and ice management in rivers. Arctic marine engi arring will be discussed with regard to ice ns, ice piling and ridging, applications of geophysical research to ice engineering, and marine transportation, offshore structures, and harburs in arctic regions.

For more information on the sympos Contact Joachini Schwarz, Icc Engineering Dinison, Hamburgische Schiffbau-Versuchan-Mik GmbH., P.O. Bux 600 929, 2000 Hamburg, FRC.

Why and where shocks form in

Shock dynamics and evolution.

Shocks associated with solar

activity, planetary bow shocks,

corolation shocks, and shock-

Physics through the normal AGU peer review process.

the hellosphere?

shock interactions.

Chapman Conference

on Collisionless Shock Waves

in the Heliosphere

February 20-24, 1984

Silverado Country Club and Resort

Napa Valley, California

Convenor: R. G. Stone

Abstract Deadline:

November 22, 1983

shocks and particle acceleration. Typical subjects to be covered include:

invited reviews and contributed papers in the following general areas: Overview

of the collisionless shock, macroscopic aspecta of shocks, microscopic aspecta of

ludent Travel Assistance: Deadline November 30. Student travel funds are available. To

apply, write to Shock Waves Meeting, ACU, giving your educational background and your

Publication: A proposal for the publication of the invited papers as a monograph is under consideration by the ACLI Monograph Board. It has also been recommanded that the

consideration by the AGU Monograph Board, It has also been recommanded that the contributed papers be published as a separate monograph or be submitted to JCR-Space.

Contact: AGU Meetings, 2000 Florida Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20009

toll free: (800) 424-2488 D.C. area 462-6903

Call for papers published in EOS, May 31, 1983

shocks.

· The foreahock.

Subcritical, supercritical, quasi-

Dissipation mechanisms.

parallel, and quasi-perpendicular

· Particle acceleration mechanisms.

### Lunar and Planetary Conference

The 15th Annual Lunar and Planetary Science Conference will be held March 12-16, 1984, at the NASA Johnson Space Center in Houston, Tex. Cosponsors for the conference are AGU, the Lunar and Planetary Institute, the Meteoritical Society, and the American Astronomical Society. Scientists working in hunar and planetary programs who wish to present papers are invited to submit abstracts no later than January 9, 1984.

There will be inpical symposia and prob-

lem-criented sessions. Some evenings will be set aside for informal special sessions, either impromptu or as designed by members of the hunar and planetary science community. Poster sessions will also be available as an alternative to oral presentations.

For more information and for indication--interest and abstract forms contact the 15th Lunar and Planetary Science Conference Office, Lunar and Planetary Institute. 3303 NASA Road I, Houston, TX 77058 (telephone 713-486-2150).

### **Sediment Storage**

Papers are invited for a special session on selliment stocage in rivers and estuaries that will he held during the 1984 AGU Spring Meeting in Cintinnati, May 14-18. The session is sponsored by the AGU Hydrology Section's Erosion and Sedimentation Committee.

lo recent years, there has been considerable interest in determining sediment budgets for river or estuary systems. A sediment hadget includes analysis of sediment sources, of rates of delivery to the system, of transport by the system, and of sediment storage within the system. The sediment storage term in the sediment budget has been among the most difficult to quantify. The purpose of this session is to address the problems of quantification of storage in stream and estuarine environments. There has been considerable research on the topic of sediment storage in many reginus of the United States and elsewhere but little communication among the various research groups. Therefore, one purpose of this session is to assess our present understanding of sediment socrage and to communicate our progress by bringing these rarkous research groups together.

The contributions will complement a small number of invited speakers who will present case studies of sediment storage in different types of river and estuanne environments and review the outstanding problems in our understanding of sediment storage. Contributions on techniques for measuring amounts of sediment surrage, on techniques for dating sediment residence times in various envisorments, on determining sites of sediment stor-age, and on determining the influence of grain size on sites of sediment storage (and also on accompanying comaminants) are especially tvelcome. Abstracts in standard AGU format should be sent by February 15 to Karen Prestegaard, Department of Geology, Franklin and Marshall College, Box 3003, Lancaster, PA 17604 (telephone 717-291-3819). In addition, send the original and two copies of the abstract by February 22 to AGU Meedings, 2000 Florida Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20009.

Interactions At the 1985 AGU Fall Meeting, a special joint session of the Ocean Sciences and Hydrology sections on Glacier-Ocean Interactions will be held Manday morning, December 5. This is a timely subject considering the recent interest of the public and scientific community in sea level changes. The interest stems from several viewpoints

Glacier/Ocean

 the influence of ice sheets and glaciers or sea level changes;
• possible disintegration of the maxime gla-

cier portions of the West Amarcia ice sheet due in a climatic warming: modeling of iceberg calving of poeseor-

day marine glaciers and ice sheets that has mplications for ice-sheet/climate models and he disappearance of ice sheets in the Pleisto

predicting keberg production in order to protect oil platforms, minimize interference with ocean shipping, and to plan for the use

of icebergs as a possible source of Treshwater.
Two invited papers will address the dynam-

ies of fast-moving marine glaciers and the factors allecting iceberg calving of a grounded marine glacier. L. Lliboutry of CNRS, Grenoble, France (the newly elected president of the IAHS International Commission on Snow and Ice), will present the hist paper on fastmoving glarier dynamics. Understanding of the dynambs of fast moving gladiers is critical rathe suggested disintegration of the West Autarctic ice sheet and resulting sea level change, Mark F. Meier, of the U.S. Geological Survey and corrent cludronan of the Polar Research Hoard's Committee on Glaciology, will discuss calving models applied to Colum-bis Glacier, Alaska. This glacier is corrently in transition from stability to drastic retreat and is expected to open a new ford in the next few years; the mechanics of this process are predaily similar to the uncovering of liards around the world.

Complated papers will cover topics such as the origins of Antarctic water masses, iceberg drift and ice shelf-occan interactions, as well as the effect of glacier melt on global sealevel, subglacial discharge to the sea, icelerg calving, and the state of equilibrium of an kestream granuding line.

### Separates

**To Order:** The arder number can be bambl at the end of each abstract; use all digits when codering. Only papers with order numbers are available from AGU. Cost: \$3.50 for the lirst anicle and \$1.00 For each additional article in the same order. Payment must accompany order. Denosit accounts available.

> American Geophysical Union 2000 Florida Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20000

### Geodesy and Gravity

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On P. Notique (Finil Merhanics and Heat Transler Division 1, Sandis Hational Laboratories, Albuquaxque, M. 271851 and P. 8. Stein Correlations of level changes with topography demand ansessment of the effect of an irregular free boundary on surface deformation. This is examined through a plane strain election model with topography of small stope, subjected to a change in the far-field strains. To leading order, vertical surface displacements due to the topographic parturbation are proportional to the local relief. Sisvation-dependent uplift results from a compressional change, and downdrop results from a compressional change, and downdrop results from a tensional change. The model further predicts that the retic of elevation change to slevetim is proportional to and of the sume order of anguitude as the regional sire(n. Horizontal strains are locating parturbed by topography as well, with the magnitude scaling with

sighth more retreated to the magnitude scaling with the local slope.

The predicted local testion of level changes is very small in assisting regions, and cannot contribute significantly to resoured correlations. See that case in sockment palifornia bears this out, with strains of order (of accompanted by stevation change-lo-sievation ratios of order 10. Relevating following the Mankaido-Tonankel sarthquakes, which induced darge consisted and postesismin strains, reveals scattered examples of stevation-dependent (evel changes. However, when compared to modeled strains, the correlations are again at least an order of naynitude larger than the localization after predicted by the elastic model. Although the topographto perturbation of varitosi displacements appears to be unassantably small, local varietious in hordenness strain or borshole dilatation across steep ratiaf may be discernible with nurrent sechnology. (Grestal straio, topography, elasticity, goodstir faveling).

J. Georhys, Eng., Earth, Yaper 301710

### Hydrology

A SLIPPLE ANALYTICAL SOLUTION FOR THE BOUSSINESQ CHE-DEMENSIONAL GROUNDWATER PLON EQUATION. Panagiotis E. Tolitas, Epaminopias E. Bidirapoulos,

Christus D. Talmopoulos, Laristotle University of Thesmaloniki - Sahool of Techantogy - Theanaloniki - Greecel. An approximate analytical solution to the Souselnosq equation is presented here. The one-dimensional problem ls reduced to an ordinary differential equation through Bolimmann's transformation, and o technique exptolting come basic characteristics of the maket molytion leads to an approximate polynomial tolution of the proble The technique presented here sen be epplied to one-dimensional non-linear diffusion problem. (Somewicood, seepaga, non-linear differential equation, enalytical

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## Meteorology

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## Oceanography

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A 165 Suriose Naves, Tides, and See Lavel
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